

## **Family Member Employment**

## **Bilateral Work Agreements**

Historically, Foreign Service family members have been limited to working within the Mission or volunteering while at post due to their diplomatic or consular status. To increase family member's employment opportunities bilateral work agreements (treaties) are established between the United States and an individual country. These work agreements enable accredited spouses and dependent children of U.S. Government employees assigned to official duty at an Embassy or Consulate in one of these countries to seek employment on the local economy. Same-sex spouses and partners should contact post HR to learn if they are eligible for work permits.

ALBANIA <sup>4</sup> THE GAMBIA NIGERIA ANDORRA GEORGIA NORWAY <sup>4</sup>

ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA GERMANY 5 NORTH MACEDONIA 2

**ARGENTINA GHANA PAKISTAN ARMENIA GREECE 1 PANAMA AUSTRIA GRENADA PERU PHILIPPINES AUSTRALIA GUATEMALA AZERBAIJAN GUINEA BISSAU POLAND** BAHAMAS 1 **GUYANA PORTUGAL** 

BAHRAIN HONDURAS REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO (Brazzaville)

BARBADOS <sup>1</sup> HUNGARY ROMANIA
BELARUS ICELAND RWANDA
BELGIUM <sup>5</sup> INDIA <sup>2</sup> SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS
BENIN IRELAND SAINT VINCENT AND

BHUTAN ISRAEL THE GRENADINES
BOLIVIA ITALY (includes The Holy See)<sup>2</sup> SAMOA

BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA JAMAICA <sup>2</sup> SAN MARINO
BOTSWANA KAZAKHSTAN SENEGAL
BRAZIL KOSOVO SERBIA
BULGARIA KUWAIT SIERRA LEONE

CAMEROON KYRGYZ REPUBLIC SLOVAK REPUBLIC CANADA 4 LATVIA SLOVENIA

REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE **LIBERIA SOMALIA CHAD LIECHTENSTEIN** SPAIN 5 COLOMBIA 2 LITHUANIA 4 **SRI LANKA COMOROS LUXEMBOURG SWEDEN COSTA RICA MADAGASCAR SWITZERLAND CROATIA MALAWI TAJIKISTAN** 

CYPRUS MALAYSIA <sup>3</sup> TANZANIA (suspended)
CZECH REPUBLIC MALI TIMOR-LESTE
TEMOGRATIC PERUPLIC OF THE MALITA

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE MALTA TRINIDAD/TOBAGO CONGO (Kinshasa) MAURITIUS TURKEY 2,3
DENMARK 4 MOLDOVA TURKMENISTAN

DJIBOUTI MONACO UGANDA
ECUADOR MONGOLIA UKRAINE
EL SALVADOR MONTENEGRO UNITED KINGDOM 4

EQUATORIAL GUINEA MOROCCO URUGUAY
ESTONIA 4 NAMIBIA VENEZUELA
ETHIOPIA NAURU YEMEN

ETHIOPIA NAURU YEMEN
FIJI NEPAL ZAMBIA
FINLAND NETHERLANDS 4 ZIMBABWE

**NEW ZEALAND** 

**NICARAGUA** 

<sup>1</sup> Limited number of family members permitted to work <sup>4</sup> NATO dependents also included

<sup>2</sup> Offer of employment required <sup>5</sup> NATO dependents included by de facto arrangement

<sup>3</sup> Restricted employment fields

FRANCE (effective 1/1/21)

GABON



## **Family Member Employment**

## **De Facto Reciprocal Work Arrangements**

On the basis of de facto reciprocity established by precedent, accredited spouses and dependent children of U.S. Government employees assigned to official duty at an Embassy or Consulate in the following countries may apply through specified channels for a permit to work.

**BANGLADESH ICELAND BELIZE JAPAN BURKINA FASO JORDAN** BURUNDI LEBANON **CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC LESOTHO CHILE MAURITANIA COTE D'IVOIRE MEXICO MICRONESIA EGYPT ESWATINI NIGER** 

FRANCE 6 PAPUA NEW GUINEA

GUINEA PARAGUAY
HAITI RUSSIA
HONG KONG SEYCHELLES

SINGAPORE SOUTH AFRICA SOUTH KOREA SUDAN SURINAME TAIWAN TOGO TUNISIA

**UNITED ARAB EMIRATES** 

Family members who work on the local economy without authorization are probably working illegally and may be putting themselves and their missions at risk. The Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations and the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations requires individuals who receive privileges and immunities from the receiving state to respect the laws and regulations. Likewise, 3 FAM 4125(a)(1) provides that family members can work on the local economy only when doing so would be consistent with local law. This provision implements 22 U.S.C. § 2699(b), which provides in part that family members of FSOs may accept employment in a foreign country unless such employment would violate US or local law. It is critical for EFMs to seek <a href="Chief of Mission approval">Chief of Mission approval</a> <sup>7</sup> whenever a family member considers working outside the mission.

**NOTE:** Documentation required to make application for a work permit under de facto reciprocal work arrangements governed by INS regulations 8 C.F.R. 214.2(a)(2) and 8 C.F.R. 214.2(g):

- (1) Letter from the potential employer describing the job and salary;
- (2) Form I 566:
- (3) Form I 765.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The BWA with France commences on 1/1/21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> www.state.gov/wp-content/uploads/2019/05/Approval-Action-Memo-Updated-June-2017.pdf